This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (Feb 2016).

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification of the material and supplier

<u>Names</u>	
Product name	: Air Wick Botanica Automatic Spray Moroccan Mint & Pink Grapefruit
SDS #	: D8396711 v2.0L
Formulation #	: FF3217490
<u>Supplier</u>	
Supplier	: AUSTRALIA RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd ABN: 58 629 549 506 680 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000 NEW ZEALAND RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited Company number: 7097753 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland, New Zealand 0622 Tel: +64 9 484 1400
Poison Information contact:	: Australia - 13 11 26 New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON
<u>Uses</u>	
Material uses	: Air care, continuous action (solid and liquid) Consumer use

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
HSNO Classification	:	3.1C
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	:	WARNING
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Precautionary statements		
General	;	Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only as
Response	:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Storage	:	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	:	Not applicable
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
ethanol	≥30 - ≤60	64-17-5
citral	<0.2	5392-40-5

Other Non-hazardous ingredients to 100%

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

id measures
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: No specific data.			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. •3Y

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 40°C (104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Do not store above the following temperature	:	40 °C

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Australia

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethanol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

New Zealand

Occupational exposure limits : No exposure standard allocated.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
ethanol	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2020). WES-TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
citral	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measure	<u>res</u>		
Hygiene measures	 Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. 		
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importan aspects of use.		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Clear. Colorless.	
Odor	: Citrus-like, fruity	
Date of issue	: 08/06/2022	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: >75°C (>167°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24.5°C (76.1°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.9 to 0.94 g/cm ³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	124700 mg/m ³ 7 g/kg	4 hours -
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			·
Date of issue	: 08/06/2022			Page: 6

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Eyes	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Respiratory	: Based on available data	, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Sensitization					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Respiratory	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Mutagenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		,			
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met	
Reproductive toxicity				are not met.	
Not available.					
		() () (C	, .		
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Teratogenicity					
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	a, the classifica	ation criteria a	are not met.	
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (single exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ty (repeated exposure)</u>				
Not available.					
Aspiration hazard					
Not available.					
nformation on the likely	: Not available.				
outes of exposure					
Potential acute health effect	-	.			
Eye contact	: No known significant eff				
Inhalation	: No known significant eff				
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion	: No known significant eff	Facto ar critical	hazarde		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics					
Eye contact	: No specific data.				
Inhalation	: No specific data.				
Skin contact	: No specific data.				
Ingestion	: No specific data.				
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure				
Short term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
<u>Long term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health effe	ects				
Not available.					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
-	-				

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
•	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
Acute LC50 11000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 11000000 µg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine waterAlgae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae Fish - Alburnus alburnusAcute LC50 11000000 µg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine waterAlgae - Ulva pertusa Daphnia - Daphnia magna Algae - Ulva pertusa Fish - Alburnus alburnus

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethanol	-0.35	-	low

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)	Flammable liquid, n.o. s. (ethanol)	
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	111	Ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Additional information					

ADG	: <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Y <u>Special provisions</u> 223, 274
ADR/RID	: <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Limited quantity</u> 5 L <u>Special provisions</u> 274, 601 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Special provisions</u> 223, 274, 955
ΙΑΤΑ	 Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. Special provisions A3

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons							
Not scheduled							
Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances							
No listed substance							
Australia inventory (AIIC)	: All components are listed or exempted.						
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: All components are listed or exempted.						
HSNO Group Standard	: Food Additives and Fragrance Materials (Flammable)						
HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002576						
Approved Handler Requirement	: Not applicable.						
Tracking Requirement	: Not applicable.						

Section 16. Any other relevant information

Key to abbreviations	: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
-	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
	SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations
Date of issue / Date of revision	: 08/06/2022
Version	: 2.0L
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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data.

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.